

Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

COUNTY OF RICHMOND, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS Page Independent Auditors' Report 1-3 Management's Discussion and Analysis 4-10 Exhibit Page **Basic Financial Statements:** Government-Wide Financial Statements: 11 Statement of Net Position 1 2 Statement of Activities 12 Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds 3 13 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position 4 14 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -5 Governmental Funds 15 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities 6 16 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds 7 17 **Notes to Financial Statements** 18-73 **Required Supplementary Information:** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual: General Fund 8 74 9 Sheriff's Fund 75 Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress - Retiree Health Insurance Plan 10 76 Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Primary Government 11 77 Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) 12 78 Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan 79 13 Schedule of Employer Contributions 14 80 Notes to Required Supplementary Information 15 81 Other Supplementary Information: Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual: Capital Projects Fund 82 16 Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds 17 83 Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds 18 84-85 Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Combining Balance Sheet 19 86 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds 20 87

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Exhibit	<u>Page</u>
Other Supplementary Information: (Continued) Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual:		
School Operating Fund and School Cafeteria Fund	21	88-89
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	22 23 24	90 91 92
Supporting Schedules:	<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	1	93-98
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	2	99-102
Statistical Information:	<u>Table</u>	<u>Page</u>
Government-Wide information:		
Government-Wide Expenses by Function	1	103
Government-Wide Revenues	2	104
Fund information:	2	405
General Governmental Revenues by Function	3 4	105 106
General Governmental Revenues by Source Property Tax Levies and Collections	5	100
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	6	108
Property Tax Rates	7	109
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded		
Debt Per Capita	8	110
Compliance:		
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>		111-112
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133		113-114
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		115-116
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		117
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		118
Schedule of Prior Year Findings		119

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Richmond Warsaw, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Richmond, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Richmond, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement Nos. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-10, 74-75, and 76-81 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Richmond, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and the statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2015, on our consideration of County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia December 10, 2015

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Richmond County County of Richmond, Virginia

As management of the County of Richmond, Virginia, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,046,418 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues and other financing sources of \$9,372,712 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$4,937,301 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$696,848, a decrease of \$9,372,712 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$226,718, or 1% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased by \$1,771,913 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Richmond, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district, and industrial development authority and for which the County of Richmond, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Richmond, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has three major governmental funds – the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund and the Sheriff's Fund.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component units - School Board, and Industrial Development Authority. The Component Units do not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$5,046,418 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net position:

County of Richmond, Virginia's Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	_	2015		2014			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	2,026,886 24,358,723	\$	12,571,675 15,476,947			
Total assets	\$_	26,385,609	_\$ _	28,048,622			
Deferred outflows of resources	\$_	288,692	_ \$_				
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$	1,138,210 19,756,911	\$	2,244,312 20,050,656			
Total liabilities	\$_	20,895,121	_ \$_	22,294,968			
Deferred inflows of resources	\$_	732,762	_\$ _	26,449			
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	5,795,147 (748,729)	\$	4,602,633 1,124,572			
Total net position	\$_	5,046,418	_ \$_	5,727,205			

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

The County's net position increased by \$501,850 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities.

County of Richmond, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

		Governmen	tal	Activities
	_	2015		2014
Charges for services	\$	413,529	\$	421,007
Operating grants and contributions	Ψ	2,600,508	·	3,055,840
General property taxes		7,360,601		7,157,053
Other local taxes		1,323,118		1,491,479
Contributions from Richmond County School Board		-		75,000
Contributions from Richmond County IDA		75,000		-
Grants and other contributions not restricted		1,204,750		1,146,354
Other general revenues		215,368		276,673
				_
Total revenues	\$_	13,192,874	\$	13,623,406
General government administration	\$	1,010,419	\$	1,120,423
Judicial administration		672,506		710,582
Public safety		2,387,427		2,402,184
Public works		895,848		846,800
Health and welfare		1,570,764		1,690,009
Education		5,215,355		5,642,298
Parks, recreation, and cultural		115,768		162,972
Community development		233,541		228,685
Interest and other fiscal charges		589,396		575,697
Total expenses	\$_	12,691,024	_\$_	13,379,650
Change in net position	\$	501,850	\$	243,756
Net position, beginning of year	_	4,544,568		5,483,449
Net position, end of year	\$_	5,046,418	_\$_	5,727,205

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations. Therefore, beginning net position for 2015 as displayed above does not agree to ending net position for 2014.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$696,848, a decrease of \$9,372,712 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 32.5% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues and other sources were in deficit of budgetary estimates by \$97,316. Budgetary estimates exceeded expenditures and other uses by \$239,177 resulting in a positive variance of \$141,861 for net change in fund balance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

< <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$24,358,723 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$18,494,236. Of this amount, \$16,588,442 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., lease/revenue bonds and notes).

The County's total debt decreased by \$842,507 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Richmond, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in the notes of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

< Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indexes.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2016 budget increased by approximately 2% and tax rates for both personal property and machinery and tools increased.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Richmond, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box 1000, Warsaw, Virginia 22572.







County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

		Primary Sovernment	_			
	Go	vernmental		Compon	ent L	
		<u>Activities</u>	<u>S</u>	chool Board		<u>IDA</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	297,587	Ś	1,202,520	Ś	68,685
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	, - ,	,	,
Taxes receivable		385,116		_		-
Accounts receivable		108,213		36,564		-
Restricted investments		424,849		-		-
Due from other governmental units		811,121		338,858		-
Inventories		-		16,566		-
Net pension asset		-		180,595		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land		409,475		64,085		56,739
Buildings and improvements		7,260,304		2,284,204		-
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		563,688		797,279		-
Construction in progress		16,125,256		-		-
Total assets	\$	26,385,609	\$	4,920,671	\$	125,424
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension contributions subsequent to						
measurement date	Ś	288,692	\$	895,413	\$	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	288,692	\$	895,413	\$	-
				·		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	365,898	\$	18,931	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		1,105,925		-
Accrued interest payable		172,254		-		-
Bonds held for others		71,320		-		-
Due to other governmental units		454,225		334,391		-
Unearned revenue		74,513		-		-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		905,312		90,473		-
Due in more than one year		18,851,599	_	10,659,954	_	
Total liabilities	_\$	20,895,121	\$	12,209,674	\$	-
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	29,951	\$	-	\$	-
Items related to measurement of net						
pension liability		702,811		1,711,384		
Total deferred inflow of resources	\$	732,762	\$	1,711,384	\$	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,795,147	\$	2,842,388	\$	56,739
Unrestricted (deficit)		(748,729)		(10,947,362)		68,685
Total net position	\$	5,046,418	\$	(8,104,974)	\$	125,424

				Progra	m R	evenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			d 		
						Operating		Primary overnment		Componen	ıt U	nits
			С	harges for		Grants and	Go	vernmental				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Activities	So	chool Board		<u>IDA</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:												
Governmental activities:												
General government administratio	n \$	1,010,419	\$	7,144	\$	265,593	\$	(737,682)				
Judicial administration		672,506		5,026		304,144		(363,336)				
Public safety		2,387,427		401,359		878,325		(1,107,743)				
Public works		895,848		-		-		(895,848)				
Health and welfare		1,570,764		-		792,495		(778,269)				
Education		5,215,355		-		143,338		(5,072,017)				
Parks, recreation, and cultural		115,768		-		-		(115,768)				
Community development		233,541		-		-		(233,541)				
Interest on long-term debt		589,396		-		216,613		(372,783)	_			
Total governmental activities	\$	12,691,024	\$	413,529	\$	2,600,508	\$	(9,676,987)	_			
Total primary government	\$	12,691,024	\$	413,529	\$	2,600,508						
COMPONENT UNITS:												
School Board	\$	13,824,574	Ś	118,661	\$	8,674,183			Ś	(5,031,730)	Ś	-
IDA	•	108,156	•	67,811	•	-			•	-	•	(40,345)
Total component units	\$	13,932,730	\$	186,472	\$	8,674,183			\$	(5,031,730)	\$	(40,345)
	Gen	eral revenues:										
	G	eneral property t	axes				\$	7,360,601	\$	-	\$	-
		Local sales and u	se ta	ixes				1,118,893		-		_
		Other local taxes						204,225		-		_
		nrestricted reven		rom use of m	one	v and property		31,078		54		34
		iscellaneous				,		184,290		91,607		4,286
			utior	ns not restrict	ed t	o specific programs		1,204,750				-,200
		ontributions from				o specific programs				4,860,091		_
		ontributions from		-				75,000		-		_
		tal general rever					\$		\$	4,951,752	\$	4,320
		nge in net position					Ś	501,850	Ś	(79,978)		(36,025)
		position - beginn		as restated			•	4,544,568	*	(8,024,996)	*	161,449
		position - ending	•				\$	5,046,418	\$	(8,104,974)	\$	125,424
			•				÷	, -, -	_	., , ,	•	<u> </u>





County of Richmond, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

		General <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Sheriff's <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS	÷	204.274	Ļ		÷	07.337	÷	207 507
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	201,261	\$	-	\$	96,326	\$	297,587
Taxes receivable		385,116		_		_		385,116
Accounts receivable		108,213		_		_		108,213
Due from other funds		208,659		_		_		208,659
Restricted investment		-		424,849		-		424,849
Due from other governmental units		811,121				-		811,121
Total assets	\$	1,714,370	\$	424,849	\$	96,326	\$	2,235,545
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Bonds held for others Due to other funds Due to other governmental units Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	365,898 71,320 - 454,225 - 891,443	\$	208,659 208,659	\$	- - - 74,513 74,513	\$	365,898 71,320 208,659 454,225 74,513 1,174,615
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	364,082	\$	-	\$	-	\$	364,082
Total deferred inflow of resources	\$	364,082	\$	-	\$	-	\$	364,082
Fund balances:								
Restricted	\$	-	\$	216,190	\$	21,813	\$	238,003
Committed		29,508		-		-		29,508
Assigned		202,619		-		-		202,619
Unassigned		226,718		-		-		226,718
Total fund balances	\$	458,845	\$	216,190	\$	21,813	\$	696,848
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,714,370	\$	424,849	\$	96,326	\$	2,235,545

County of Richmond, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different beca	use:	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 696,848
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
•	30,933,571 (6,574,848)	24,358,723
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$	334,131	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	(702,811)	(368,680)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		288,692
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
	(1,800,202)	
General obligations bonds	16,588,442)	
Notes payable	(105,592)	
Compensated absences	(150,165)	
Deferred issuance premium	(494,189)	
Net OPEB obligation	(34,352)	
Net pension liability	(583,969)	
Accrued interest payable	(172,254)	(19,929,165)
Net position of governmental activities	-	\$ 5,046,418

County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		0 1		Capital		oi ;ca		
		General		Projects		Sheriff's		Tatal
REVENUES		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$	7,431,289	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,431,289
Other local taxes	7	1,323,118	7	-	7	_	7	1,323,118
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		58,390		-		_		58,390
Fines and forfeitures		37,152		-		_		37,152
Revenue from the use of money and property		24,971		6,107		-		31,078
Charges for services		317,987		-		_		317,987
Miscellaneous		184,290		-		-		184,290
Recovered costs		870,638		-		-		870,638
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		75,000		-		-		75,000
Commonwealth		2,998,139		-		19,467		3,017,606
Federal		752,281		-		35,371		787,652
Total revenues	\$	14,073,255	\$	6,107	\$	54,838	\$	14,134,200
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								1 001 211
General government administration	\$	1,001,344	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,001,344
Judicial administration		654,643		-		- 25 274		654,643
Public safety		2,528,656		-		35,371		2,564,027
Public works		904,524		-		-		904,524
Health and welfare		2,170,967		-		-		2,170,967
Education		4,946,948		-		-		4,946,948
Parks, recreation, and cultural		146,032		-		-		146,032
Community development Nondepartmental		242,690 43,544		-		-		242,690 43,544
Capital projects		9,339,889		-		-		9,339,889
Debt service:		7,337,007		-		-		9,339,009
Principal retirement		866,507						866,507
Interest and other fiscal charges		649,797		_				649,797
Total expenditures	Ś	23,495,541	\$		\$	35,371	\$	23,530,912
rotat expenditures		25,475,541	7		7	33,371	7	23,330,712
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	(9,422,286)	\$	6,107	\$	19,467	\$	(9,396,712)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			_		_			
Transfers in	\$	8,805,725	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,805,725
Transfers out				(8,805,725)		-		(8,805,725)
Issuance of note payable		24,000		-		-		24,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	8,829,725	\$	(8,805,725)	\$	-	\$	24,000
Net change in fund balances	\$	(592,561)	Ś	(8,799,618)	Ś	19,467	\$	(9,372,712)
Fund balances - beginning	7	1,051,406	~	9,015,808	7	2,346	7	10,069,560
Fund balances - ending	\$	458,845	\$	216,190	\$	21,813	\$	696,848
	<u> </u>	.50,0 15	7	_,,,,,	7	21,013	7	0.0,010

County of Richmond, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (9,	,372,712)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Capital outlay Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit School Board from Primary Government	\$ 9,263,709 (459,143) 77,210	8,	881,776
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$ (70,688) (702,811)	((773,499)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Principal retirement on lease revenue bonds Principal retirement on general obligation bonds Principal retirement on note payable Issuance of note payable	\$ 315,945 519,489 31,073 (24,000)		842,507
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Amortization of bond premium (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	\$ 59,190 (19,242) (4,741) 894,199 (6,839) 1,211		923,778
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	501,850

County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 505,295
Total assets	\$ 505,295
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Amounts held for social services clients Amounts held for Northern Neck Regional Vocational Center	\$ 25,710 18,945 460,640
Total liabilities	\$ 505,295



Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Richmond, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police, refuse disposal, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Richmond, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including a requirement to report the government's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Richmond (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. <u>Individual Component Unit Disclosures</u>

Blended Component Unit.

The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2015.

Discretely Presented Component Units.

The Richmond County School Board members are appointed by the Richmond County School Board Selection Commission. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The Richmond County Industrial Development Authority is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Board of Supervisors appoints the Authority board members. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the following governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund.

b. Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The only special revenue fund the is the Sheriff's Fund, which is considered a major fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

c. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund.

2. <u>Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Agency Funds)</u>

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The County's Agency Funds include Library, Special Welfare, Local Sales Tax and Northern Neck Regional Vocational Center. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

F. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$88,043 at June 30, 2015 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded as estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	50
Vehicles	5
Buses	10
Equipment	10

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

L. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

M. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

M. Long-term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

N. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

N. Fund Equity (Continued)

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

		Capital		
		Projects	Sheriff's	
	<u>General</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fund balances:				
Restricted:				
Drug seizure	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,813	\$ 21,813
School construction	-	216,190	-	216,190
Total restricted fund balance	\$ -	\$ 216,190	\$ 21,813	\$ 238,003
Committed:				
Courthouse maintenance	\$ 29,508	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,508
Total committed fund balance	\$ 29,508	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,508
Assigned:				
Electric service backbone for				
community park	\$ 20,197	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,197
Asset forfeiture	2,706	-	-	2,706
Extension office renovation	5,345	-	-	5,345
Bond holding fund	74,241	-	-	74,241
Capital improvement fund	69,817	-	-	69,817
Ambulance purchase	30,313	-	-	30,313
Total assigned fund balance	\$ 202,619	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 202,619
Unassigned	\$ 226,718	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 226,718
Total fund balances	\$ 458,845	\$ 216,190	\$ 21,813	\$ 696,848

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability (asset) measurement date, which will be recognized as an increase to or a reduction of the net pension asset or liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on the next year's taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability (asset) are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

P. Adoption of Accounting Principles

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions for the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in a restatement of net position, reference Note 18.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Expenditures and Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Sheriff's Fund, School Operating Fund, and School Cafeteria Fund at June 30, 2015.

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by <u>Standard & Poor's</u> and the ratings are presented below using <u>Standard & Poor's</u> rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values							
Rated Debt Investments	Fair (Quality Rating					
		AAAm					
Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program	Ś	424,849					

External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The fair value of the positions in the SNAP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 4—Due from/to Other Governments:

At June 30, 2015, amounts due from other governments are as follows:

	Primary vernment	Component Unit School Board		
Other Local Governments:				
Richmond County School Board	\$ 334,391	\$	-	
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	328		-	
Recordation tax	3,146		-	
Rolling stock tax	354		-	
Welfare	23,068		-	
State sales Tax	-		202,785	
Local sales tax	131,502		-	
Constitutional officer reimbursements	91,822		-	
Domestic violence	20,000		-	
Comprehensive services act	26,700		-	
Communications tax	50,330		-	
Wireless grant	7,194		-	
Voting machine equipment grant	73,860		-	
Other state funds	1,404		-	
Federal Government:				
School fund grants	-		136,073	
Ground transportation safety grant	5,842		-	
Welfare	 41,180		<u>-</u>	
Total due from other governments	\$ 811,121	\$	338,858	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 4—Due from/to Other Governments: (Continued)

At June 30, 2015, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

	Primary Government			
Other Local Governments: County of Richmond Commonwealth of Virginia	\$ - 454,225	\$ 334,391		
	\$ 454,225	\$ 334,391		

Note 5—Interfund Obligations:

Details of the County and School Board's interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	ı	-	nterfund eceivable		Interfund Payable
Primary Government:					
General Fund		\$	208,659	\$	-
Capital Projects Fund			-		208,659
Total Primary Government Funds	,	\$	208,659	\$	208,659
School Board School Operating Fund School Cafeteria Fund	\$		- 18,397	\$	18,397
Total School Board Funds	\$		18,397	\$	18,397

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 6—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 1, 2014		Additions		Deletions		Jı	Balance une 30, 2015
Primary Government:								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$	409,475	\$	-	\$	-	\$	409,475
Construction in Progress		6,999,897		9,147,404		22,045		16,125,256
Total capital assets not subject								
	Ś	7 400 272	ċ	0 147 404	ċ	22,045	ċ	16 524 721
to depreciation	<u> </u>	7,409,372	<u>\$</u>	9,147,404	\$	22,043	<u>\$</u>	16,534,731
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	7,039,576	\$	8,243	\$	-	\$	7,047,819
Machinery, equipment, & vehicles		1,741,743		130,107		-		1,871,850
Jointly owned assets		5,287,458		-		(191,713)		5,479,171
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	14,068,777	\$	138,350	\$	(191,713)	\$	14,398,840
Assumption of degree stations								
Accumulated depreciation:	÷	4 022 044	¢	4/4 272	ċ		ċ	1 004 104
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,832,811	\$	161,373	\$	-	\$	1,994,184
Machinery, equipment, & vehicles		1,133,681		174,481		(44.4.502)		1,308,162
Jointly owned assets		3,034,710		123,289		(114,503)		3,272,502
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	6,001,202	\$	459,143	\$	(114,503)	\$	6,574,848
Total capital assets subject to								
depreciation, net	\$	8,067,575	\$	(320,793)	\$	(77,210)	\$	7,823,992
Covernmental activities capital assets not	ċ	15 474 047	ċ	0 024 414	ċ	(EE 14E)	ċ	24 250 722
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u> </u>	15,476,947	<u> </u>	8,826,611	<u>\$</u>	(55,165)	\$	24,358,723

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 6—Capital Assets: (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2014		Additions		Deletions		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2015
Component Unit-School Board:								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$	64,085	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64,085
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	64,085	\$		\$	-	\$	64,085
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	135,943	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	235,943
Machinery, equipment, & vehicles		2,764,752		112,206		_		2,876,958
Jointly owned assets		5,319,349		<u> </u>		191,713		5,127,636
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	8,220,044	\$	212,206	\$	191,713	\$	8,240,537
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	5,940	\$	10,892	\$	_	\$	16,832
Machinery, equipment, & vehicles		1,899,835		179,844		-		2,079,679
Jointly owned assets		3,053,013		124,033		114,503		3,062,543
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	4,958,788	\$	314,769	\$	114,503	\$	5,159,054
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$	3,261,256	\$	(102,563)	\$	77,210	\$	3,081,483
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	3,325,341	\$	(102,563)	\$	77,210	\$	3,145,568

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities: \$ General government administration 13,250 Judicial administration 141,745 Public safety 163,261 Health and welfare 3,196 Education 123,289 Parks, recreation and cultural 412 13,990 Community development Total Governmental activities 459,143 Component Unit School Board 314,769

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Restated				Amounts	
	Balance at	Issuances/	Retirements/	Balance at	Due Within	
	July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2015	One Year	
Governmental Activities						
Obligations:						
Incurred by County:						
Compensated absences	\$ 130,923	\$ 32,334	\$ 13,092	\$ 150,165	\$ 15,017	
Lease revenue bonds	2,116,147	-	315,945	1,800,202	331,189	
Notes payable	112,665	24,000	31,073	105,592	32,647	
Add deferred amounts:						
Issuance premium	220,243	-	44,048	176,195	-	
Net pension liability	1,478,168	1,106,649	2,000,848	583,969	-	
Net OPEB obligation	29,611	11,441	6,700	34,352		
Total incurred by County	\$ 4,087,757	\$ 1,174,424	\$ 2,411,706	\$ 2,850,475	\$ 378,853	
Incurred by School Board:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 17,107,931	\$ -	\$ 519,489	\$ 16,588,442	\$ 526,459	
Add deferred amounts:						
Issuance premium	333,136		15,142	317,994		
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 17,441,067	\$ -	\$ 534,631	\$ 16,906,436	\$ 526,459	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 21,528,824	\$ 1,174,424	\$ 2,946,337	\$ 19,756,911	\$ 905,312	
Obligations	J Z1,JZ0,0Z4	J 1,174,424	J 2,740,337	, 17,7JU,711 ———————————————————————————————————		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

County	Oblid	ations
Country	ODUE	ζατιστιδ

Year Ending	Lease Revenue Bonds			Note Pa	ayable			
June 30	 Principal	Interest		Interest		Principal	lı	nterest
2016	\$ 331,189	\$	70,629	\$ 32,647	\$	2,356		
2017	346,441		55,537	33,372		1,631		
2018	356,703		39,819	34,033		888		
2019	376,976		24,221	5,188		128		
2020	388,893		8,564	352		24		
Total	\$ 1,800,202	\$	198,770	\$ 105,592	\$	5,027		

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Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds			
June 30		Principal		Interest
2016	\$	526,459	\$	531,191
2017		533,748		519,860
2018		540,930		508,546
2019		553,438		497,669
2020		561,317		490,311
2021		854,559		479,877
2022		869,559		463,086
2023		884,558		447,312
2024		899,558		434,481
2025		900,526		424,226
2026		910,526		414,324
2027		920,526		403,629
2028		883,467		386,478
2029		903,467		365,583
2030		923,467		346,979
2031		943,467		327,763
2032		963,467		307,939
2033		983,467		287,503
2034		1,003,467		266,459
2035		1,028,469		127,891
Total	\$	16,588,442	\$	8,031,107

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

etails of Long-Term Obligations:		Total Amount
Incurred by County:		
<u>Lease Revenue Bonds:</u> \$2,660,000 VRA refunding bonds issued November 17, 2011, due in annual principal installments through November 1, 2019, interest payable semi-annually at various		
rates.	\$	1,770,000
\$59,800 USDA revenue bonds issued January 29, 2010, due in monthly principal installments through December 19, 2019, interest payable monthy at 4%.		30,202
Total Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	1,800,202
Notes Payable: \$140,332 note payable to Peoples Community Bank issued September 12, 2012, due in annual principal installments through September 12, 2017, interest payable annually at 1.9%.	\$	85,675
\$24,000 USDA note payable issued July 10, 2014, due in monthly principal installments through July 1, 2019, interest payable monthy at 4%.		19,917
Total Notes Payable	\$	105,592
Issuance premium	\$	176,195
Compensated absences (payable by General Fund)	\$	150,165
Net pension liability	\$ \$	583,969
Net OPEB obligation (payable by General Fund)	\$	34,352
Total incurred by County	\$	2,850,475
Incurred by School Board:		
General Obligation Bonds: \$1,999,022 School bonds issued November 19, 1998, due in varying annual installments of principal and interest through January 15, 2019, interest payable semi-annually ranges from 3.6% to 5.1%.	\$	441,963
\$2,500,000 School bonds issued September 1, 2010, due in annual principal installments of \$147,059 through September 1, 2026. This bond is interest-free.		1,764,706
\$6,085,183 School bonds issued October 31, 2012, due in varying annual installments of principal and interest through December 1, 2034, interest payable semi-annually at the rate of 3.84% per annum.		5,841,773
\$8,770,000 School bonds issued November 15, 2012, due in varying annual installments of principal and interest throught July 15, 2034, interest payable semi-annually ranges from 2.05% to 5.05%.		8,540,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	16,588,442
•	\$	317,994
Bond issuance premium		•
Bond issuance premium Total incurred by School Board	\$	16,906,436

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit-School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Ва	estated alance at y 1, 2014	lr	ncreases	Decreases	_	alance at ne 30, 2015	Dι	mounts le Within lne Year
Component Unit-School Board:									
Compensated absences	\$	227,103	\$	22,710	\$ 92,267	\$	157,546	\$	15,755
Capital leases		376,231		-	73,051		303,180		74,718
Net pension liability	1	1,765,000		769,000	2,379,000	1	0,155,000		-
Net OPEB obligation		98,897		65,304	29,500		134,701		-
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$ 1	2,467,231	\$	857,014	\$ 2,573,818	\$ ^	10,750,427	\$	90,473

	School Obligations					
Year Ending		Capital Leases				
June 30	F	Principal	li	nterest		
2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	74,718 76,466 78,247 73,749	\$	6,376 4,628 2,847 1,014		
Total	\$	303,180	\$	14,865		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit-School Board: (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

	Total Amount
Incurred by School Board:	
Capital Leases: \$56,000 capital lease (payable from the School Fund) issued November 11, 2013, principal due in monthly installments of \$933.33 through February 2019. Interest at 0.0%.	\$ 40,133
\$16,624 capital lease (payable from the School Fund) issued December 11, 2013, principal due in monthly installments of \$227.24 through December 11, 2018. Interest at 0.0%.	11,644
\$309,927 capital lease (payable from the School Fund) issued June 24, 2014, principal due in monthly installments of \$5,547.23 through June 24, 2019, including interest of 2.80%.	251,403
Total Capital Leases	\$ 303,180
Compensated absences payable	\$ 157,546
Net pension liability	\$ 10,155,000
Net OPEB obligation	\$ 134,701
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 10,750,427

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 8—Capital Leases:

The government has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of buses, IT equipment and a tractor. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

		School Board
Asset:		
	Tractor	\$ 18,484
	Buses	309,888
	Servers	56,000
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (91,771)
	Total	\$ 292,601

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

		School
Year Ended June 30		Board
2016	\$	81,094
2017		81,094
2018		81,094
2019		74,763
	·	_
Total minimum lease payments	\$	318,045
Less: amount representing interest		(14,865)
	·	_
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	303,180

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 9-Northern Neck Regional Jail Lease Agreement:

On June 29, 2000, Richmond County, along with Westmoreland County signed a financing lease agreement with the County of Northumberland for lease of Northern Neck Regional Jail. Presently, Richmond County owns 32% and Westmoreland County owns 68% of the jail. The lease term expires on December 15, 2015. At the end of this term, the ownership in the jail will be reallocated as follows: 25% to Richmond County, 25% to Northumberland County, and 50% to Westmoreland County.

Future minimum lease payments to be received as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2016	\$ 124,800
Total minimum future lease payments	\$ 124,800

Note 10—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. The County had unavailable revenue totaling \$364,082 and deferred revenue totaling \$29,951 comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$334,131 at June 30, 2015.

<u>Unavailable Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2015 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$29,951 at June 30, 2015.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue representing prepaid taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2015 totaled \$29,951.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u> - Other unearned revenue items totaled \$74,513 at June 30, 2015, which consisted of forfeited asset grant funds.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 11—Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

The following construction contracts were outstanding at June 30, 2015:

Project	Contractor	Amount of Contract	Contract Outstanding at June 30, 2015		
High School Renovation	Southwood Building Systems	\$ 7,133,599	\$	190,277	
Elemenatary School Renovation	Southwood Building Systems	2,756,404		27,564	

Note 12—Litigation:

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 13—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the VACO Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays VACO contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.			

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETI	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	UED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)
		In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. *Non-Eligible Members
effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.	
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.	
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1	

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.	
Tive years of creditable service.		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution	
(CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. <u>Eligibility:</u>	Component: Not applicable.	
Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Same as Plan 1	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
PLAN 1 Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.			
benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.			

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.	
becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	34	2
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	11	-
Non-vested inactive members	16	2
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	38	3
Total inactive members	65	5
Active members	66	9
Total covered employees	165	16

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 10.84% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$288,692 and \$295,531 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 4.16% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$9,587 and \$19,067 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) were measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities. Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Arithmetic Long-Term	Weighted Average Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	8.33%		

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Primary Government						
			Ind	crease (Decrease	∍)		
	-	Total		Plan		Net	
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension	
		Liability		Net Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$_	11,502,645	\$_	10,024,477	\$_	1,478,168	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	312,258	\$	-	\$	312,258	
Interest		785,883		-		785,883	
Contributions - employer		-		295,531		(295,531)	
Contributions - employee		-		129,721		(129,721)	
Net investment income		-		1,575,513		(1,575,513)	
Benefit payments, including refund	S						
of employee contributions		(551,499)		(551,499)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(8,508)		8,508	
Other changes		-		83		(83)	
Net changes	\$	546,642	\$	1,440,841	\$_	(894,199)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ <u></u>	12,049,287	\$	11,465,318	\$ <u></u>	583,969	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)					
			Ind	crease (Decrease	;)		
		Total Plan			Net		
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension	
		Liability		Net Position		Liability (Asset)	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	580,313	\$_	690,252	\$_	(109,939)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	29,025	\$	-	\$	29,025	
Interest		39,965		-		39,965	
Contributions - employer		-		19,067		(19,067)	
Contributions - employee		-		10,737		(10,737)	
Net investment income		-		110,415		(110,415)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(18,758)		(18,758)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(579)		579	
Other changes		-		6		(6)	
Net changes	\$_	50,232	\$	120,888	\$	(70,656)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ <u></u>	630,545	\$_	811,140	\$	(180,595)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,045,814 \$	583,969 \$	(634,509)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (102,146) \$	(180,595) \$	(246,623)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$104,143 and (\$2,205) respectively. At June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						Component	Uı	nit School
		Primary Government			Board (nonprofessional)			
	_	Deferred		Deferred	_	Deferred		Deferred
	(Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources		Resources	_	Resources		Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	702,811	\$	- \$;	49,384
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	288,692		-	_	9,587		
Total	\$_	288,692	\$	702,811	\$	9,587 \$;	49,384

\$288,692 and \$9,587 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of (increase to) the Net Pension Liability (Asset) in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2016	_ s	(175,703)	\$ (12,346)
2017	·	(175,703)	(12,346)
2018		(175,703)	(12,346)
2019		(175,702)	(12,346)
Thereafter		-	-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$885,826 and \$717,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported a liability of \$10,155,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was 0.08403% as compared to 0.08540% at June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$769,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ - \$	1,507,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	155,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 885,826	
Total	\$ 885,826	1,662,000

\$885,826 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Year ended June 30	
	2016	\$ (411,000)
	2017	(411,000)
	2018	(411,000)
	2019	(411,000)
	Thereafter	(18,000)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	8.33%		

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	_
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan				
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$	14,911,000	\$ 10,155,000	\$ 6,239,000	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 15-Surety Bonds:

	A	Amount
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety:		
Rosa S. Forrester, Clerk of Circuit Court	\$	103,000
Edith Anne Sanders, Treasurer		300,000
Jennifer W. Delano, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Douglas A. Bryant, Sheriff		30,000
The above constitutional officer's employee - blanket bond		50,000
The Cincinnati Insurance Company - Surety:		
Jean C. Harper, Supervisor		2,000
John L. Haynes, Jr., Supervisor		2,000
Richard E. Thomas, Sr., Supervisor		2,000
Courtney M. Sisson, Supervisor		2,000
F. Lee Sanders, Supervisor		2,000
Marilyn Barr, Superintendent of Schools		10,000
Susan Johns, Director of Finance, School Board		10,000
Janet B. Rice, Assistant Director of Finance, School Board		10,000
All Department of Social Services Employees-blanket bond		100,000

Note 16–Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The County allows retirees that retire at the age of 55 with at least 30 years of service with the County or 65 with at least 5 years of service with the County to remain on their health insurance plan. Health benefits include medical and dental. The retiree is responsible for 100% of the premium which is paid directly to Anthem. Benefits are offered to the retiree and spouse for the lifetime of the retiree.

The School Board allows retirees that retire at the age of 50 with a least 12 consecutive years of service to remain on their health insurance plan until the age of 65. This coverage is at the retiree's own expense. Health benefits include medical only.

The School Board allows retirees that retire at the age of 55 with at least 12 consecutive years of service to remain on their health insurance plan until the age of 65. The School Board pays a portion of each retiree's premium at a rate to be determined annually by the School Board. Health benefits include medical only.

B. Funding Policy

The funding policies of both groups of retirees are described above. The Schools currently have 5 retirees and 0 spouses on their plan. The County has 2 retirees with 0 spouses.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*. The County and School Board have elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GASB parameters. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the County and School Board. The following table shows the components of the County and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County and School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

		Primary Government	-	Component Unit School Board
Annual required contribution	\$	11,500	\$	65,500
Interest on net OPEB obligation		1,036		3,461
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(1,095)		(3,657)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	11,441	\$	65,304
Contributions made		(6,700)		(29,500)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	-	4,741	-	35,804
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year		29,611		98,897
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	34,352	\$	134,701

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The County and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year		Annual	Percentage of Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
Ended		OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
County:				
6/30	/2015 \$	11,441	58.56%	\$ 34,352
6/30	/2014	10,953	48.39%	29,611
6/30	/2013	10,658	75.06%	23,958
Schools:				
6/30	/2015 \$	65,304	45.17%	\$ 134,701
6/30	/2014	62,867	50.42%	98,897
6/30	/2013	60,330	46.08%	67,730

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$101,600, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,861,900, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 3.55 percent.

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$606,600, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,351,400, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 9.55 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees-Retirement age was estimated based on tables used for the VRS pension valuation and assumed that participants begin to retire when they become eligible to receive healthcare benefits.

Mortality-Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy mortality tables for males and females projected to 2015 using Scale AA.

Coverage elections - The actuary assumed that 30% of eligible retirees will elect coverage and that 30% of retirees who elect coverage will cover a spouse.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the County's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 3.5% was used. In addition, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2013 was thirty years.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 14.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$61,076, \$68,700 and \$67,224, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 18-Restatement of Net Position:

The following adjustments were made to beginning net position:

	-	Governmental Activities	Component-Unit School Board
Net position as previously reported	\$	5,727,205 \$	2,893,998
Implementation of GASB 68: Deferred outflows of resources Net pension asset Net pension liability	-	295,531 - (1,478,168)	736,067 109,939 (11,765,000)
Net position as restated	\$_	4,544,568 \$	(8,024,996)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 19-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, amends the definitions of fair value used throughout GASB literature to be consistent with the definition and principles provided in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 19-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, objective is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.





County of Richmond, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts					0.04		riance with
		<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual Amounts	(Positive Negative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>					د	<u>-</u>
General property taxes	\$	7,180,320	\$	7,180,320	\$	7,431,289	\$	250,969
Other local taxes		1,445,000		1,445,000		1,323,118		(121,882)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		57,600		57,600		58,390		790
Fines and forfeitures		35,000		35,000		37,152		2,152
Revenue from the use of money and property		37,627		37,627		24,971		(12,656)
Charges for services		364,500		364,500		317,987		(46,513)
Miscellaneous		71,713		71,713		184,290		112,577
Recovered costs		1,151,137		1,151,137		870,638		(280,499)
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		75,000		75,000		75,000		-
Commonwealth		3,125,571		3,125,571		2,998,139		(127,432)
Federal		441,020		441,020		752,281		311,261
Total revenues	\$	13,984,488	\$	13,984,488	\$	14,073,255	\$	88,767
EXPENDITURES								
Current:	^	0/2/07	,	1 040 547	,	4 004 244	÷	20.472
General government administration	\$	962,687	\$	1,040,516	\$	1,001,344	\$	39,172
Judicial administration		635,410		662,500		654,643		7,857
Public safety		2,473,348		2,566,297		2,528,656		37,641
Public works		884,888		908,430		904,524		3,906
Health and welfare		2,305,809		2,265,434		2,170,967		94,467
Education		5,345,877		5,345,877		4,946,948		398,929
Parks, recreation, and cultural		144,789		146,160		146,032		128
Community development		270,617		247,334		242,690		4,644
Nondepartmental		79,063		87,000		43,544		43,456
Capital projects		9,015,808		9,015,808		9,339,889		(324,081)
Debt service: Principal retirement		866,507		866,507		866,507		
Interest and other fiscal charges		348,493		582,855		649,797		(66,942)
Total expenditures	Ś	23,333,296	\$	23,734,718	¢	23,495,541	\$	239,177
Total experiences		23,333,270	٠	23,734,710	٠	23,773,371	,	237,177
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(9,348,808)	\$	(9,750,230)	\$	(9,422,286)	\$	327,944
						· · · ·		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	9,015,808	\$	9,015,808	\$	8,805,725	\$	(210,083)
Issuance of note payable		-		-		24,000		24,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	9,015,808	\$	9,015,808	\$	8,829,725	\$	(186,083)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(333,000)	\$	(734,422)	\$	(592,561)	\$	141,861
Fund balances - beginning		333,000		734,422		1,051,406		316,984
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	458,845	\$	458,845

County of Richmond, Virginia Sheriff's Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES	Budge:	ted Am	ounts <u>Final</u>			Actual Amounts	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth	\$	- \$		_	Ś	19,467	Ś	19,467
Federal	·	- '		-	•	35,371	,	35,371
Total revenues	\$	- \$		-	\$	54,838	\$	54,838
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	- \$		-	\$	35,371	\$	(35,371)
Total expenditures	\$	- \$		-	\$	35,371	\$	(35,371)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	- \$		-	\$	19,467	\$	19,467
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$		-	\$	19,467	\$	19,467
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		2,346		2,346
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$		-	\$	21,813	\$	21,813

County of Richmond, Virginia

Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress - Retiree Health Insurance Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date*	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UUAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll
Primary Govern	ment:					
6/30/2010 \$	- \$	94,400 \$	94,400	0.00% \$	2,615,600	3.61%
6/30/2013	-	101,600	101,600	0.00%	2,861,900	3.55%
Discretely Prese	ented Component	Unit:				
6/30/2010 \$	- \$	594,800 \$	594,800	0.00% \$	6,648,200	8.95%
6/30/2013	=	606,600	606,600	0.00%	6,351,400	9.55%

^{*} Only two actuarial valuations available

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	312,258
Interest		785,883
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(551,499)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ <u></u>	546,642
Total pension liability - beginning		11,502,645
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	12,049,287
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	295,531
Contributions - employee		129,721
Net investment income		1,575,513
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(551,499)
Administrative expense		(8,508)
Other		83
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	1,440,841
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		10,024,477
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	11,465,318
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	583,969
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability		95.15%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,595,777
County's net pension liability as a percentage of		
covered-employee payroll		22.50%

County of Richmond, Virginia

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 29,025
Interest	39,965
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (18,758)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 50,232
Total pension liability - beginning	 580,313
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 630,545
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 19,067
Contributions - employee	10,737
Net investment income	110,415
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(18,758)
Administrative expense	(579)
Other	 6
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 120,888
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 690,252
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 811,140
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (180,595)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	128.64%
pension nability	120.04/0
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 214,727
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of	0.4.400
covered-employee payroll	-84.10%

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2015*

	_	2015
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.08403%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,155,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll		6,281,160
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		161.67%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		70.88%

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (5)
				(2)	 (3)	 (4)	(3)
Primary Gov	vern	ment					
2015	\$	288,692	\$	288,692	\$ -	\$ 2,663,210	10.84%
Component	Unit	School Board	(nor	nprofessional)			
2015	\$	9,587	\$	9,587	\$ -	\$ 230,452	4.16%
Component	Unit	: School Board ((pro	fessional)			
2015	\$	885,826	\$	885,826	\$ -	\$ 6,109,145	14.50%

County of Richmond, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year





COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



County of Richmond, Virginia Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budgeted	Ar	mounts	Actual		riance with nal Budget - Positive	
	<u>Original</u> <u>Final</u>				<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)		
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,107	\$	6,107	
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,107	\$	6,107	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,107	\$	6,107	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(9,015,808)	\$	(9,015,808)	\$ (8,805,725)	\$	210,083	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(9,015,808)	\$	(9,015,808)	\$ (8,805,725)	\$	210,083	
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	(9,015,808) 9,015,808	\$	(9,015,808) 9,015,808	\$ (8,799,618) 9,015,808	\$	216,190	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 216,190	\$	216,190	

County of Richmond, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

		Αg	gency Funds			_		
					Northern	='		
					Neck			
					Regional			
			Special		Vocational			
	<u>Library</u> <u>Welfare</u> <u>Center</u>						<u>Total</u>	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,710	\$	18,945	\$	460,640	\$	505,295	
Total assets	\$ 25,710	\$	18,945	\$	460,640	\$	505,295	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 25,710	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,710	
Amounts held for social services clients	-		18,945		-		18,945	
Amounts held for Northern Neck Regional								
Vocational Center	-		-		460,640		460,640	
Total liabilities	\$ 25,710	\$	18,945	\$	460,640	\$	505,295	

County of Richmond, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	В	Balance eginning of Year	;	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance End <u>of Year</u>
<u>Library:</u> ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,437	\$	119,192	\$ 120,919	\$ 25,710
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	27,437	\$	119,192	\$ 120,919	\$ 25,710
Special Welfare: ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,176	\$	2,880	\$ 7,111	\$ 18,945
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients	\$	23,176	\$	2,880	\$ 7,111	\$ 18,945
Northern Neck Regional Vocational Center: ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	459,324	\$	2,104,556	\$ 2,103,240	\$ 460,640
LIABILITIES Amounts held for Northern Neck Regional Vocational Center	\$	459,324	\$	2,104,556	\$ 2,103,240	\$ 460,640

County of Richmond, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>			<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deletions</u>		Balance End <u>of Year</u>	
Local Sales Tax Fund: ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	1,635,135	\$	1,635,135	\$	_	
LIABILITIES									
Amounts held for others	\$	-	\$	1,635,135	\$	1,635,135	\$	-	
<u>Total - All Agency Funds:</u> ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	509,937	\$	3,861,763	\$	3,866,405	\$	505,295	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	27,437	\$	119,192	\$	120,919	\$	25,710	
Amounts held for social services clients		23,176		2,880		7,111		18,945	
Amounts held for Northern Neck Regional Vocational Center		459,324		2,104,556		2,103,240		460,640	
Amounts held for others		-		1,635,135		1,635,135		-	
Total liabilities	\$	509,937	\$	3,861,763	\$	3,866,405	\$	505,295	

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



County of Richmond, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2015

	June 3	30, 2015				
		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,098,023	s	104,497	ς	1,202,520
Receivables (net of allowance	*	1,070,023	*	101,177	7	1,202,320
for uncollectibles):						
Accounts receivable		36,564		-		36,564
Due from other funds		-		18,397		18,397
Due from other governmental units		338,858		-		338,858
Inventories		, -		16,566		16,566
Total assets	\$	1,473,445	\$	139,460	\$	1,612,905
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	14,732	\$	4,199	\$	18,931
Accrued liabilities		1,105,925		-		1,105,925
Due to other funds		18,397		-		18,397
Due to other governmental units		334,391		-		334,391
Total liabilities	\$	1,473,445	\$	4,199	\$	1,477,644
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	16,566	\$	16,566
Committed:						
School Cafeteria Fund	\$	-	\$	118,695	\$	118,695
Total fund balances	\$	-	\$	135,261	\$	135,261
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,473,445	\$	139,460	\$	1,612,905
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	the stateme	nt of net position	n (Exhil	bit 1) are differe	nt bec	ause:
Total fund balances per above					\$	135,261
Capital assets used in governmental activities at are not reported in the funds.	re not financi	ial resources and	, there	fore,		
Capital assets, cost			\$	8,304,622		
Accumlated depreciation				(5,159,054)	=	3,145,568
The net pension asset is not an available resour	ce and, there	fore, is not repo	rted in	the funds.		180,595
Other long-term assets are not available to pay therefore, are deferred in the funds.	for current-p	eriod expenditur	es and	,		
Items related to measurement of net per	sion liability					(1,711,384)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measur pension liability in the next fiscal year and,						895,413
Long-term liabilities, including compensated ab						
period and, therefore, are not reported in the		or due and payar	J.C 111 U	ne carrent		
Compensated absences			\$	(157,546)		
Capital leases			*	(303,180)		
Net pension liability				(10,155,000)		
Net OPEB obligation				(134,701)		(10,750,427)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(8,104,974)

County of Richmond, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		School Operating		School Cafeteria		Total Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds
REVENUES		<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	54	\$	54
Charges for services		-		118,661		118,661
Miscellaneous		90,782		825		91,607
Recovered costs		76,031		-		76,031
Intergovernmental:						
Local government		4,937,301		-		4,937,301
Commonwealth		7,603,113		-		7,603,113
Federal		1,037,744		33,326		1,071,070
Total revenues	\$	13,744,971	\$	152,866	\$	13,897,837
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$	13,307,351	ς	644,743	ς	13,952,094
Debt service:	7	13,307,331	7	044,743	7	13,732,074
Principal retirement		73,051		_		73,051
Interest and other fiscal charges		8,319				8,319
Total expenditures	\$	13,388,721	\$	644,743	\$	14,033,464
rotat expenditures	-	13,300,721	7	044,743	7	17,033,707
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	356,250	\$	(491,877)	\$	(135,627)
OTHER FINANCING COURGES (1955)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			^	257 250	,	357.350
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	356,250	\$	356,250
Transfers out		(356,250)		-	_	(356,250)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(356,250)	\$	356,250	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(135,627)	\$	(135,627)
Fund balances - beginning		-		270,888		270,888
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	135,261	\$	135,261
Amounts reported for governmental activities in t	he stateme	ent of activities (Evhil	hit 2) ar	e different becaus	٥.	
·			oic z) aiv	e different becaus		(425.427)
Net change in fund balances - total governmental	•				\$	(135,627)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expe						
activities the cost of those assets is allocated						
as depreciation expense. This is the amount b	-	•		-		
in the current period. The following is a sumn	nary of iten	ns supporting this adj	ustment	::		
Capital asset additions						212,206
Depreciation expense						(314,769)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Compon	ent Unit Sc	hool Board from Prim	nary Gov	ernment		(77,210)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do no	ot provide o	current financial reso	urces ar	e		
not reported as revenues in the funds.				-		
(Increase) decrease in items related to mea	asurement (of net pension liabilit	.y			(1,711,384)
The issuance of long term dobt (e.g. bonds loace	s) providos	current financial rec	ourcos t	•		
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, lease						
governmental funds, while the repayment of t		•				
the current financial resources of government		•	owever,	nas		
any effect on net position. Also, governmenta	-					
		issued, whereas thes	se amou			
premiums, discounts, and similar items when o						
are deferred and amortized in the statement of	of activities	. This amount is the		ect		72.051
	of activities	. This amount is the		ect		73,051
are deferred and amortized in the statement of	of activities erm debt a	. This amount is the and related items.	net effe	ect		73,051
are deferred and amortized in the statement of these differences in the treatment of long-t	of activities erm debt a vities do no	. This amount is the and related items. t require the use of c	net effe			73,051
are deferred and amortized in the statement of of these differences in the treatment of long-t Some expenses reported in the statement of activ	of activities erm debt a vities do no orted as exp	. This amount is the and related items. t require the use of c	net effe			73,051 69,557
are deferred and amortized in the statement of of these differences in the treatment of long-t Some expenses reported in the statement of active financial resources and, therefore are not repo	of activities cerm debt a vities do no orted as ex ces	. This amount is the and related items. t require the use of coenditures in governr	net effe			·
are deferred and amortized in the statement of of these differences in the treatment of long-t Some expenses reported in the statement of active financial resources and, therefore are not reported Decrease (increase) in compensated absences	of activities cerm debt a vities do no orted as ex ces	. This amount is the and related items. t require the use of coenditures in governr	net effe			·
are deferred and amortized in the statement of of these differences in the treatment of long-t Some expenses reported in the statement of active financial resources and, therefore are not report Decrease (increase) in compensated absent Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows re	of activities eerm debt a vities do no orted as exp ces elated to pe	. This amount is the and related items. t require the use of coenditures in governr	net effe			69,557
are deferred and amortized in the statement of of these differences in the treatment of long-t Some expenses reported in the statement of active financial resources and, therefore are not report Decrease (increase) in compensated absent Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows resources subsequent to the measurement date	of activities dependent of activities do not orted as expendent of the control of activities and the control of the control of activities of the control of	. This amount is the and related items. t require the use of coenditures in governr	net effe			69,557 159,346 1,680,656
are deferred and amortized in the statement of of these differences in the treatment of long-t Some expenses reported in the statement of active financial resources and, therefore are not reported Decrease (increase) in compensated absent Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows resubsequent to the measurement date (Increase) decrease in net pension liability.	of activities dependent of activities do not orted as expendent of the control of activities and the control of the control of activities of the control of	. This amount is the and related items. t require the use of coenditures in governr	net effe		\$	69,557 159,346



	School Operating Fund											
					ariance with Final Budget							
		Budgete	ed Ar				Positive					
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)				
REVENUES												
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Charges for services		-		-		-		-				
Miscellaneous		97,000		97,000		90,782		(6,218)				
Recovered costs		262,573		325,681		76,031		(249,650)				
Intergovernmental:												
Local government		5,336,230		5,336,230		4,937,301		(398,929)				
Commonwealth		7,240,855		7,240,855		7,603,113		362,258				
Federal		876,523		876,523		1,037,744		161,221				
Total revenues	\$	13,813,181	\$	13,876,289	\$	13,744,971	\$	(131,318)				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Education	\$	13,204,467	\$	13,267,575	\$	13,307,351	\$	(39,776)				
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		1,709		1,709		73,051		(71,342)				
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		8,319		(8,319)				
Total expenditures	\$	13,206,176	\$	13,269,284	\$	13,388,721	\$	(119,437)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	\$	607,005	\$	607,005	\$	356,250	\$	(250,755)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-				
Transfers out	•	(607,005)	•	(607,005)	•	(356,250)	•	250,755				
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(607,005)	\$	(607,005)	\$	(356,250)	\$	250,755				
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Fund balances - beginning		=		-		-		=				
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				

			School Caf	eter	ia Fund		
	Budgeted /	Am	ounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	54	\$	54
	-		-		118,661		118,661
	-		-		825		825
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-				-		-
	-	Ċ	33,326	Ċ	33,326	ć	- 440 540
\$	-	\$	33,326	\$	152,866	\$	119,540
\$	607,005	\$	640,331	\$	644,743	\$	(4,412)
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
\$	607,005	\$	640,331	\$	644,743	\$	(4,412)
_	40- 00-1		//a= aa=\				
\$	(607,005)	\$	(607,005)	\$	(491,877)	\$	115,128
\$	607,005	\$	607,005	\$	356,250 -	\$	(250,755)
\$	607,005	\$	607,005	\$	356,250	\$	(250,755)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(135,627) 270,888		(135,627) 270,888
\$	-	\$	-	\$	135,261	\$	135,261



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2015

	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>					
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	68,685				
Capital assets:						
Land		56,739				
Total assets	\$	125,424				
NET POSITION						
Investment in capital assets	\$	56,739				
Unrestricted		68,685				
Total net position	\$	125,424				

County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES	Industrial Developmen <u>Authority</u>					
Charges for services:						
Rents	\$	67,811				
Miscellaneous	·	4,286				
Recovered costs		2,102				
Total operating revenues	\$	74,199				
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Other charges	\$	35,258				
Total operating expenses	\$	35,258				
Operating income (loss)	\$	38,941				
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest income	\$	34				
Contribution to County of Richmond		(75,000)				
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(74,966)				
Changes in net position	\$	(36,025)				
Net position - beginning		161,449				
Net position - ending	\$	125,424				

County of Richmond, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	7.4.400
Receipts from customers and users	\$	74,199
Other receipts (payments)	-	(35,258)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	38,941
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Contribution to Richmond County	\$	(75,000)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing		
activities	\$	(75,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	\$	34
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	34
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(36,025)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		104,710
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	68,685
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	•	20.044
Operating income (loss)	\$	38,941
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	38,941







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	5,210,000	\$	5,210,000	\$	5,308,139	\$	98,139
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		415,000		415,000		461,271		46,271
Personal property taxes		1,381,000		1,381,000		1,455,469		74,469
Mobile home taxes		16,000		16,000		17,398		1,398
Merchant's capital taxes		53,000		53,000		51,259		(1,741)
Machinery and tools taxes		320		320		171		(149)
Penalties		70,000		70,000		78,719		8,719
Interest		35,000		35,000		58,863		23,863
Total general property taxes	\$	7,180,320	\$	7,180,320	\$	7,431,289	\$	250,969
Other level town								
Other local taxes:	ċ	4 250 000	ċ	4 350 000	ċ	4 440 000	_	(424 407)
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,118,893	Þ	(131,107)
Consumers' utility taxes		125,000		125,000		122,841		(2,159)
Consumption tax		24,000		24,000		21,556		(2,444)
Taxes on recordation and wills		46,000	_	46,000	_	59,828	_	13,828
Total other local taxes	_\$	1,445,000	\$	1,445,000	\$	1,323,118	\$	(121,882)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	5,446	\$	(4,554)
Transfer fees		350		350		293		(57)
Permits and other licenses		47,250		47,250		52,651		5,401
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	57,600	\$	57,600	\$	58,390	\$	790
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	37,152	\$	2,152
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	22,000	\$	22,000	\$	9,273	\$	(12,727)
Revenue from use of property		15,627		15,627		15,698		71
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	37,627	\$	37,627	\$	24,971	\$	(12,656)
Charges for services:								
Sheriff's fees	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	997	\$	(3)
Charges for courthouse maintenance	·	4,000	·	4,000	·	4,191	·	191
Charges for courthouse security		15,000		15,000		22,488		7,488
Charges for other court costs		350		350		1,913		1,563
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		500		500		835		335
Charges for EMS billings		339,000		339,000		277,592		(61,408)
Charges for correction and detention		-				1,570		1,570
Charges for other protection		4,150		4,150		3,170		(980)
Charges for sales of publications		500		500		-,		(500)
Charges for DMV fees		-		-		5,231		5,231
Total charges for services	\$	364,500	\$	364,500	\$	317,987	\$	(46,513)
•	<u> </u>	,	•	,	•	,	•	, ,/

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 71,713	\$ 71,713	\$ 184,290	\$	112,577
Recovered costs:					
Streetlights	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,421	\$	4,421
Court services unit	15,750	15,750	25,508		9,758
Other recovered costs	1,135,387	1,135,387	840,709		(294,678)
Total recovered costs	\$ 1,151,137	\$ 1,151,137	\$ 870,638	\$	(280,499)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 10,342,897	\$ 10,342,897	\$ 10,247,835	\$	(95,062)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenues from local governments:					
Contribution from Industrial Development Authority	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$	-
Total revenue from local governments	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$	-
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 354	\$	(646)
Mobile home titling tax	17,500	17,500	9,192		(8,308)
Motor vehicle rental tax	-	· -	60,117		60,117
State recordation tax	17,210	17,210	16,130		(1,080)
Communications tax	320,000	320,000	306,616		(13,384)
Personal property tax relief funds	803,954	803,954	803,955		1
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,159,664	\$ 1,159,664	\$ 1,196,364	\$	36,700
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 165,124	\$ 165,124	\$ 163,948	\$	(1,176)
Sheriff	635,047	635,047	630,115		(4,932)
Commissioner of revenue	59,572	59,572	59,156		(416)
Treasurer	73,135	73,135	72,720		(415)
Medical examiner	90	90	-		(90)
Registrar/electoral board	28,000	28,000	33,837		5,837
Clerk of the Circuit Court	141,606	141,606	140,196		(1,410)
Total shared expenses	\$ 1,102,574	\$ 1,102,574	\$ 1,099,972	\$	(2,602)
Other categorical aid:					
Four for life grant	\$ 9,739	\$ 9,739	\$ 9,423	\$	(316)
Fire program funds	19,500	19,500	24,527		5,027
Comprehensive services act program	243,500	243,500	81,424		(162,076)
Public assistance and welfare administration	329,350	329,350	232,536		(96,814)
Litter control grant	6,300	6,300	-		(6,300)
Domestic violence grant	40,000	40,000	50,000		10,000

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)								
DMV selective enforcement	\$	25,500	\$	25,500	\$	-	\$	(25,500)
Spay/neuter funds		, -	·	-		20	·	20
Emergency services grant		_		-		1,000		1,000
Wireless grant		41,000		41,000		42,971		1,971
Preschool initiative program		79,380		79,380		143,338		63,958
School resource officer		41,464		41,464		41,464		, -
Voting machine equipment grant		-		-		73,860		73,860
Court security grant		22,000		22,000		, -		(22,000)
Other state grants		5,600		5,600		1,240		(4,360)
Total other categorical aid	\$	863,333	\$	863,333	\$	701,803	\$	(161,530)
Total categorical aid	\$	1,965,907	\$	1,965,907	\$	1,801,775	\$	(164,132)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,125,571	\$	3,125,571	\$	2,998,139	\$	(127,432)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	8,386	\$	386
Categorical aid:								
Law enforcement grant	\$	22,400	\$	22,400	Ś	_	\$	(22,400)
State and community highway safety	•	,	•	,	•	22,747	•	22,747
Public assistance and welfare administration		400,000		400,000		476,590		76,590
QSCB interest rate subsidy		-		-		216,613		216,613
USDA equipment grant		-		-		26,000		26,000
Comprehensive services act program		_		-		1,945		1,945
Byrne justice assistance grant program		10,620		10,620		-		(10,620)
Total categorical aid	\$	433,020	\$	433,020	\$	743,895	\$	310,875
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	441,020	\$	441,020	\$	752,281	\$	311,261
Total General Fund	\$	13,984,488	\$	13,984,488	\$	14,073,255	\$	88,767

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Special Revenue Fund:							
Sheriff's Fund:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Forfeited assets	_\$_	-	\$	-	\$ 19,467	\$	19,467
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 19,467	\$	19,467
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
Forfeited assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 35,371	\$	35,371
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 35,371	\$	35,371
Total Sheriff's Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 54,838	\$	54,838
Capital Projects Fund:							
Capital Projects Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,107	\$	6,107
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,107	\$	6,107
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,107	\$	6,107
Total Primary Government	\$ ^	13,984,488	\$	13,984,488	\$ 14,134,200	\$	149,712
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:							
School Operating Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Miscellaneous	\$	97,000	\$	97,000	\$ 90,782	\$	(6,218)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	97,000	\$	97,000	\$ 90,782	\$	(6,218)
Recovered costs:							
Cafeteria funds	\$	262,573	\$	262,573	\$ _	\$	(262,573)
Other recovered costs		-		63,108	76,031		12,923
Total recovered costs	\$	262,573	\$	325,681	\$ 76,031	\$	(249,650)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	359,573	\$	422,681	\$ 166,813	\$	(255,868)
Intergovernmental:							
Revenues from local governments:							
Contribution from County of Richmond, Virginia	\$	5,336,230	\$	5,336,230	\$ 4,937,301	\$	(398,929)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
School Operating Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,142,566	\$	1,142,566	\$ 1,151,981	\$	9,415
Basic school aid		3,728,848		3,728,848	3,909,751		180,903
At risk payments		154,242		154,242	161,748		7,506
Early reading intervention		20,353		20,353	23,145		2,792
English as a second language		49,643		49,643	46,296		(3,347)
Fringe benefits		703,876		703,876	732,615		28,739
GED preparation assistance		7,859		7,859	9,859		2,000
Gifted and talented		36,354		36,354	38,089		1,735
Industry certification		-		-	7,239		7,239
Mentor teacher program		245		245	1,129		884
Primary class size		205,064		205,064	207,971		2,907
Remedial education		213,033		213,033	202,657		(10,376)
School food		14,432		14,432	11,217		(3,215)
School security		-		-	63,108		63,108
Special education		572,382		572,382	599,707		27,325
Special education - foster children		-		-	8,216		8,216
Special education - homebound		2,950		2,950	896		(2,054)
Special education - jails		7,612		7,612	2,520		(5,092)
SOL algebra readiness		18,727		18,727	19,360		633
Technology		128,000		128,000	128,000		-
Textbook payment		74,425		74,425	77,978		3,553
Virtual grant		-		-	656		656
Vocational education		96,686		96,686	101,302		4,616
Vocational education - equipment		-		-	16,040		16,040
Vocational education - occupational preparedness		63,558		63,558	76,267		12,709
Vocational education - adult		-		-	3,000		3,000
Workforce readiness		-		-	2,366		2,366
Total categorical aid	\$	7,240,855	\$	7,240,855	\$ 7,603,113	\$	362,258
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	7,240,855	\$	7,240,855	\$ 7,603,113	\$	362,258

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Fin	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)									
School Operating Fund: (Continued)									
Revenue from the federal government:									
Categorical aid:									
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	\$	207,700	\$	207,700	\$	218,257	\$	10,557	
Title VI-B, STEM grant		-		-		22,000		22,000	
Title VI-B, rural and low income		20,606		20,606		19,987		(619)	
Vocational education		22,133		22,133		41,884		19,751	
Title I		239,349		239,349		279,461		40,112	
Title II, Part A		52,735		52,735		87,445		34,710	
Language acquisition		4,000		4,000		22,789		18,789	
Advanced placement testing		-		-		888		888	
School lunch and breakfast programs		330,000		330,000		345,033		15,033	
Total categorical aid	\$	876,523	\$	876,523	\$	1,037,744	\$	161,221	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	876,523	\$	876,523	\$	1,037,744	\$	161,221	
Total School Operating Fund	\$	13,813,181	\$	13,876,289	\$	13,744,971	\$	(131,318)	
Special Revenue Funds:									
School Cafeteria Fund:									
Revenue from local sources:									
Revenue from use of money and property:									
Revenue from the use of money	\$	_	\$	_	\$	54	\$	54	
Revenue from the use of money			7		٠,	J-T	٠,		
Charges for services:									
Cafeteria sales	\$	_	\$	_	\$	118,661	\$	118,661	
54. 555. 14 54.65					_	,		,	
Miscellaneous revenue:									
Other miscellaneous	\$	_	\$	_	\$	825	\$	825	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	119,540	\$	119,540	
Revenue from the federal government:									
Categorical aid:									
Commodities	\$	-	\$	33,326	\$	33,326	\$	-	
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	-	\$	33,326	\$	152,866	\$	119,540	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	13,813,181	\$	13,909,615	\$	13,897,837	\$	(11,778)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of Supervisors	\$ 99,664	\$	108,000	\$	106,879	\$	1,121	
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$ 150,144	\$	195,000	\$	197,046	\$	(2,046)	
Information technology	227,220		237,654		231,146		6,508	
Commissioner of revenue	174,112		172,000		171,085		915	
Assessor	30,000		30,862		862		30,000	
Treasurer	203,784		212,000		210,603		1,397	
Total general and financial administration	\$ 785,260	\$	847,516	\$	810,742	\$	36,774	
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$ 17,711	\$	12,000	\$	11,644	\$	356	
Registrar	60,052		73,000		72,079		921	
Total board of elections	\$ 77,763	\$	85,000	\$	83,723	\$	1,277	
Total general government administration	\$ 962,687	\$	1,040,516	\$	1,001,344	\$	39,172	
Judicial administration: Courts:								
Circuit court	\$ 59,935	\$	73,000	\$	73,292	\$	(292)	
General district court	11,810		3,500		3,470		30	
Magistrate	100		-		-		-	
Court services unit	28,748		74,000		71,686		2,314	
Clerk of the circuit court	229,523		205,000		201,652		3,348	
Total courts	\$ 330,116	\$	355,500	\$	350,100	\$	5,400	
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 305,294	\$	307,000	\$	304,543	\$	2,457	
Total judicial administration	\$ 635,410	\$	662,500	\$	654,643	\$	7,857	
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$ 1,389,874	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,508,350	\$	(8,350)	
Fire and rescue services:								
Volunteer fire department	\$ 157,000	\$	142,437	\$	131,193	\$	11,244	
Volunteer rescue squad	642,213		613,000		578,541		34,459	
Total fire and rescue services	\$ 799,213	\$	755,437	\$	709,734	\$	45,703	
Correction and detention:								
Juvenile group home	\$ 1,000	\$	11,698	\$	11,698	\$	-	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Inspections:								
Building	\$	76,211	\$	72,500	\$	71,925	\$	575
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	58,525	\$	62,000	\$	62,617	\$	(617)
Civil defense	,	76,625	•	78,582	•	78,582	•	-
Medical examiner		400		80		80		-
E-911 system		71,500		86,000		85,670		330
Total other protection	\$	207,050	\$	226,662	\$	226,949	\$	(287)
Total public safety	\$	2,473,348	ς	2,566,297	ς	2,528,656	\$	37,641
rotal public salety		2,-173,3-10	<u> </u>	2,300,277		2,320,030	-	37,011
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Streetlights	\$	4,150	\$	4,292	\$	4,292	\$	-
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	581,600	\$	605,000	\$	601,511	\$	3,489
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	299,138	\$	299,138	\$	298,721	\$	417
Centeral properties		277,130		277,130		270,721		
Total public works	\$	884,888	\$	908,430	\$	904,524	\$	3,906
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	127,309	\$	127,000	\$	126,759	\$	241
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	\$	23,000	\$	23,000	\$	23,000	\$	-
,		.,	<u> </u>	-,	<u> </u>	-,	•	
Welfare:								
Family development center	\$	126,000	\$	190,794	\$	190,933	\$	(139)
Area agency on aging		7,650		7,650		7,650		-
Virginia public assistance		1,684,350		1,641,990		1,533,421		108,569
Tax relief for the elderly		-		-		30,736		(30,736)
Comprehensive services		337,500		275,000		258,468		16,532
Total welfare	\$	2,155,500	\$	2,115,434	\$	2,021,208	\$	94,226
Total health and welfare	\$	2,305,809	\$	2,265,434	\$	2,170,967	\$	94,467
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to Rappahannock Community College	\$	9,647	\$	9,647	\$	9,647	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board		5,336,230	_	5,336,230	_	4,937,301		398,929
Total education	\$	5,345,877	\$	5,345,877	\$	4,946,948	\$	398,929

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Variance wit Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)								
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Recreational programs	\$	42,500	\$	42,500	\$	42,500	\$	-
Cultural enrichment:								
Richmond County museum	\$	18,129	\$	19,500	\$	19,372	Ś	128
······································		,,		,		,	T	
Library:								
Contribution to county library	\$	84,160	\$	84,160	\$	84,160	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	144,789	\$	146,160	\$	146,032	\$	128
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning	\$	169,498	\$	163,000	ς	160,290	ς	2,710
Economic development	*	14,438	7	13,000	~	12,543	7	457
Northern Neck planning district commission		9,500		9,500		9,500		-
Total planning and community development	\$	193,436	\$	185,500	\$	182,333	\$	3,167
3 y		,	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	- ,	<u> </u>	-, -
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	_
Wetlands board		3,207		2,200		1,922		278
Litter and recycling program		5,000		3,634		3,634		-
Total environmental management	\$	18,207	\$	15,834	\$	15,556	\$	278
Cooperative extension program:	¢	E0 074	ċ	46,000	ċ	44.004	Ļ	1 100
Extension office	\$	58,974	\$	46,000	\$	44,801	\$	1,199
Total community development	\$	270,617	\$	247,334	\$	242,690	\$	4,644
Nondepartmental:								
Other nondepartmental	_\$_	79,063	\$	87,000	\$	43,544	\$	43,456
Capital projects:								
School construction	\$	9,015,808	\$	9,015,808	\$	9,339,889	\$	(324,081)
								_
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	866,507	\$	866,507	\$	866,507	\$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges		348,493		582,855		649,797		(66,942)
Total debt service	\$	1,215,000	\$	1,449,362	\$	1,516,304	\$	(66,942)
Total General Fund	\$	23,333,296	\$	23,734,718	\$	23,495,541	\$	239,177
	<u> </u>	. , .	÷	. , -	÷	. ,	•	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Special Revenue Funds:								
Sheriff's Fund:								
Public safety:								
Other protection:								
Other protection	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,371	\$	(35,371)
Total public safety	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,371	\$	(35,371)
Total Sheriff's Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,371	\$	(35,371)
Total Primary Government	\$	23,333,296	\$	23,734,718	\$	23,530,912	\$	203,806
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Instruction costs:								
Instructional costs	\$	10,132,081	\$	10,195,189	\$	10,369,986	\$	(174,797)
Operating costs:								
Operating costs:	\$	072 200	٠	072 200	ċ	004 043	ċ	(20 55.4)
Administration, attendance and health services Pupil transportation	Ş	872,289 786,575	Ş	872,289 786,575	Ş	901,843 779,257	Ş	(29,554) 7,318
Operation and maintenance of school plant		1,413,522		1,413,522		1,256,265		157,257
Total operating costs	Ś	3,072,386	\$	3,072,386	\$	2,937,365	\$	137,237
Total operating costs	<u> </u>	3,072,360	ڔ	3,072,300	ڔ	2,737,303	٠	133,021
Total education	\$	13,204,467	\$	13,267,575	\$	13,307,351	\$	(39,776)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	1,709	\$	1,709	\$	73,051	\$	(71,342)
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		8,319		(8,319)
Total debt service	\$	1,709	\$	1,709	\$	81,370	\$	(79,661)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	13,206,176	\$	13,269,284	\$	13,388,721	\$	(119,437)
	_							
Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Education:								
School food services:								,,
Administration of school food program	\$	607,005	\$	607,005	\$	611,417	\$	(4,412)
Commodities	_	- (07.005	_	33,326	Ċ	33,326	Ċ	- (4.442)
Total school food services	\$	607,005	\$	640,331	\$	644,743	\$	(4,412)
Total education	\$	607,005	\$	640,331	\$	644,743	\$	(4,412)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	607,005	\$	640,331	\$	644,743	\$	(4,412)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	•	13,813,181	ċ	42,000,745	ċ	44.000.464		(123,849)





County of Richmond, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Total	589,396 \$ 12,691,024	13,379,650	13,323,571	12,303,792	12,447,742	11,874,709	11,429,210	11,578,985	9,715,187
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 589,396 \$	575,697	666,508	306,399	185,898	470,384	378,731	234,691	247,003
Community Development	\$ 233,541	228,685	296,212	210,363	217,423	165,662	294,235	311,368	177,170
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 115,768	162,972	614,679	385,484	120,655	165,934	124,819	139,272	118,814
Education	5,215,355	5,642,298	5,316,656	4,888,913	5,390,116	4,819,073	4,482,010	4,443,785	4,171,087
Health and Welfare	\$ 1,570,764	1,690,009	1,444,859	1,480,014	1,521,335	1,504,350	1,493,767	1,866,168	1,432,078
Public Works	895,848	846,800	862,389	968,585	818,640	826,963	904,776	900,170	771,453
Public Safety	2,387,427 \$	2,402,184	2,363,407	2,205,361	2,308,389	1,967,062	2,124,489	1,585,738	1,418,622
Judicial Administration	\$ 672,506 \$	710,582	685,595	701,428	696,062	707,540	738,746	1,233,067	648,463
General Government Administration	\$ 1,010,419 \$	1,120,423	1,073,266	1,157,245	1,189,224	1,247,741	887,637	864,726	730,497
Fiscal Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007

(1) Information has only been available for nine years.

County of Richmond, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

					Total	75,000 \$ 13,192,874	13,623,406	12,601,609	12,099,264	11,152,872	10,831,347	10,793,602	11,140,527	10,811,434
ĺ			S	ρι		\$ 0								
			Contributions	from Richmond	IDA	75,00								
			Ö	fron		s								
		Gain	on Sale	of Capital	Assets	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	75,854	154,704
		۲۵.	ъ	Ü		∽							_	
	Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	184,290 \$ 1,204,750	1,146,354	1,151,877	1,156,517	1,210,495	1,171,538	844,261	883,429	916,138
UES	Ō	Ö	Not	ţ		s								
GENERAL REVENUES					Miscellaneous	184,290	119,088	59,131	78,501	58,253	78,697	62,299	143,575	171,022
INER					Miso	\$								
פנ			Jnrestricted	Investment	Earnings	31,078	232,585	62,614	37,213	64,972	88,122	273,471	249,852	335,739
			n	<u></u>	Ш	\$								
			Other	Local	Taxes	1,323,118	1,491,479	1,368,449	1,274,484	1,306,532	1,209,769	1,605,267	1,890,206	1,941,182
						s						·		
			General	Property	Taxes	\$ 7,360,601 \$ 1,323,118 \$	7,157,053	7,171,701	7,099,394	5,812,489	5,503,475	5,484,432	5,291,354	4,965,281
					us	80	4	17	84	05	52	43	05	39
ENUES		Operating	Grants	and	Contributions	2,600,508	3,055,840	2,353,3	1,977,184	2,200,3	2,457,8	2,133,243	2,447,905	2,201,339
KEV		J			ပိ	s								
PROGRAM REVENUES			Charges	for	Services	413,529	421,007	434,520	475,971	499,826	321,894	390,629	158,352	126,029
						\$								
				Fiscal	Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007

(1) Information has only been available for nine years.

County of Richmond, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	23,287,186	23,323,140	22,004,496	23,688,094	20,449,862	21,169,531	20,500,470	19,252,371	17,781,511	17,263,358
Debt Service	\$ 1,597,674 \$	1,474,862	1,057,085	3,686,465	724,236	846,569	740,525	601,335	602,693	610,290
Non- departmental	\$ 43,544 \$	68,970	168,483	124,402	140,371	150,988	122,877	85,043	77,908	64,756
Community Development o	242,690	228,823	267,170	238,211	274,025	275,542	311,486	292,957	244,181	314,837
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	146,032 \$	141,032	140,886	141,132	137,909	144,436	138,294	129,529	118,814	112,811
Education (2)	\$ 13,961,741 \$	13,857,177	13,279,129	12,603,436	12,441,861	13,019,411	12,929,843	12,179,225	11,673,412	10,935,534
Health and Welfare	\$ 2,170,967	2,390,932	2,060,587	1,897,136	1,847,211	1,509,373	1,490,733	1,863,998	1,427,785	1,555,509
Public Works	\$ 904,524		864,220	902,538	832,318	882,014	923,742	912,019	780,781	827,527
Public Safety	\$ 2,564,027 \$	2,590,816	2,540,282	2,351,954	2,279,225	2,488,050	2,225,390	1,661,920	1,526,306	1,626,249
Judicial Iministration	654,643	632,107	606,017	634,017	608,545	662,736	672,311	675,746	615,881	546,957
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	\$ 1,001,344 \$	1,090,274	1,020,637	1,108,803	1,164,161	1,190,412	945,269	850,599	713,750	668,888
Fiscal Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006

⁽¹⁾ Includes general and special revenue funds of the Primary Government, and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board; excludes capital projects expenditures. (2) Beginning in FY2006, excludes contribution from Primary Government to Component Unit - School Board.

County of Richmond, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	12,554,441 \$ 23,088,629 12,205,371 22,709,706	21,593,833 20,812,429	19,864,267 19,651,628	19,677,723	19,260,145	18,603,665 18,384,106
Inter- governmental (2)	12,554,441 \$	11,059,627 10,752,740	11,003,032	11,322,727	10,975,894	10,509,405 10,566,898
Recovered Costs go	\$ 946,669 \$ 1,002,971	1,186,869 904,951	738,210 629,433	423,577	354,020	286,488 518,818
Miscellaneous	275,897 (206,356 235,248	141,161 115,188	93,032	216,495	204,572 76,922
Charges for Services	436,648 \$	478,419 577,097	575,620 439,430	514,400	288,076	266,775 273,144
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	25,025 \$ 207,402	28,612 25,029	65,099 88,280	188,999	146,054	336,316 349,388
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 37,152 \$ 29,785	26,108 21,860	26,086 31,958	39,536	50,216	39,383 35,228
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses		55,131 48,535	53,247 53,083	63,041	67,647	62,798 66,472
Other Local Taxes	\$ 7,431,289 \$ 1,323,118 \$ 7,118,755 1,491,479	1,368,449 1,274,484	1,306,532	1,605,267	1,890,206	1,941,203 1,969,243
General Property Taxes	\$ 7,431,289 7,118,755	7,184,262 6,972,485	5,955,280 5,324,410	5,427,144	5,271,537	4,956,725 4,527,993
Fiscal	2015	2013 2012	2011	2009	2008	2007 2006 (2)

(1) Includes general and special revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board; excludes capital projects funds. (2) Beginning in FY2006, excludes contribution from Primary Government to Component Unit - School Board.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Richmond, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	4.74%	2.56%	4.62%	4.85%	3.78%	5.37%	4.42%	4.41%	4.56%	4.25%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1, 2)	385,381	443,024	362,749	379,082	252,172	323,834	277,366	261,891	257,444	225,374
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	99.23%	98.12%	100.26%	98.23%	859.66	100.38%	97.95%	100.98%	100.52%	89.26%
Total Tax Collections	8,066,924	7,822,401	7,870,603	7,672,480	6,647,326	6,048,374	6,140,417	5,993,397	5,681,185	5,268,282
Delinquent Tax Collections (1,2)	\$ 294,468	223,201	240,504	186,686	283,844	169,423	139,341	100,343	130,459	111,949
Percent of Levy Collected (95.61%	95.32%	97.20%	95.84%	95.40%	97.57%	95.73%	99.29%	98.21%	97.15%
Current Tax Collections (1)	\$ 7,772,456	7,599,200	7,630,099	7,485,794	6,363,482	5,878,951	6,001,076	5,893,054	5,550,726	5,156,333
Total Tax Levy (1)	\$ 8,129,588	7,972,187	7,850,271	7,811,023	6,670,585	6,025,304	6,268,800	5,935,338	5,651,753	5,307,595
Fiscal Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006 (3)

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

⁽²⁾ Delinquent tax collections are exclusive of land redemptions. (3) Beginning in FY 2006, PPTRA is included with Tax Levy and Current Tax Collections.

County of Richmond, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total		911,157,323	903,538,599	901,216,394	891,985,036	624,455,241	629,013,577	615,361,627	606,992,910	598,767,971	590,098,824
(2)	Personal Property	, obc. cy	1,384,915 \$	1,530,251	1,478,343	1,157,333	861,618	1,206,024	439,498	480,370	529,373	740,165
Public Utility (2)	Real Fstate		61,611,846 \$	53,094,641	54,904,120	45,720,172	27,847,132	37,964,495	19,514,656	22,174,210	25,194,248	28,427,984
	Merchant's Capital		1,769,910 \$	1,736,997	1,626,543	1,645,530	1,647,700	1,690,180	1,665,480	1,511,680	1,569,400	1,513,460
	Machinery and Tools		3,317,151 \$	3,485,854	3,316,309	2,419,874	2,926,283	3,079,608	3,265,563	3,585,620	3,797,920	4,345,030
Personal Property	and Mobile Homes		60,970,573 \$	59,139,690	56,013,615	56,928,760	55,959,138	53,760,890	63,387,130	59,893,830	59,112,310	56,476,220
	Real Estate (1)		782,102,928 \$	784,551,166	783,877,464	784,113,367	535,213,370	531,312,380	527,089,300	519,347,200	508,564,720	498,595,965
	Fiscal Year	3	2015 \$	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006

(1) Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

County of Richmond, Virginia Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

										Public	ıblic Utility			
Fiscal		Real	Pe	Personal Machin		Machinery		Merchant's		Real	Р	ersonal		
Year	Е	state	Pr	operty	ar	nd Tools		Capital		Estate	Р	roperty		
2015	\$	0.67	\$	3.50	\$	0.01	\$	3.50	\$	0.67	\$	3.50		
2014		0.67		3.50		0.01		3.50		0.67		3.50		
2013		0.67		3.50		0.01		3.50		0.67		3.50		
2012		0.67		3.50		0.01		3.50		0.67		3.50		
2011		0.79		3.50		0.01		3.50		0.79		3.50		
2010		0.70		3.50		0.50		3.50		0.70		3.50		
2009		0.70		3.50		0.50		3.50		0.70		3.50		
2008		0.67		3.50		0.50		3.50		0.67		3.50		
2007		0.67		3.50		0.50		3.50		0.67		3.50		
2006		0.63		3.50		0.50		3.50		0.63		3.50		

County of Richmond, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands)(2)	Gross and Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2015	9,254	\$ 911,157	\$ 16,588,442	1.82% \$	1,793
2014	9,254	903,539	17,107,931	1.89%	1,849
2013	9,254	901,216	17,564,950	1.95%	1,898
2012	9,254	891,985	2,959,216	0.33%	320
2011	9,254	624,455	3,207,433	0.51%	347
2010	9,254	629,014	3,458,563	0.55%	374
2009	8,809	615,362	1,061,722	0.17%	121
2008	8,809	606,993	1,163,928	0.19%	132
2007	8,809	598,768	1,281,842	0.21%	146
2006	8,809	590,099	1,398,998	0.24%	159

- (1) Center for Weldon Cooper Public Service at the University of Virginia from 2000 and 2010 census.
- (2) From Table 6.
- (3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Richmond Warsaw, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Richmond Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the County of Richmond, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Richmond Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Richmond, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Richmond Warsaw, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Richmond, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Richmond, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Richmond, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Richmond, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Richmond, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Richmond, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Richmond, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Richmond, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Richmond, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia December 10, 2015

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County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Department of Health and Human Services: Pass-Through Payments: Department of Social Services: Promoting Safe and Stable Families 93.556 0950114/0950115 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,7 \$ 12,0 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5 \$ 13,7 \$ 13,5
Department of Social Services: Promoting Safe and Stable Families 93.556 0950114/0950115 \$ 13,7 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 0400114/0400115 80,9 Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs 93.566 0500114/0500115 1.
Promoting Safe and Stable Families 93.556 0950114/0950115 \$ 13,7 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 0400114/0400115 80,9 Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs 93.566 0500114/0500115 1. Low-Income Home Energy Assistance 93.568 0600414/00600415 9,4 Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund 93.596 0760114/0760115 15,5 Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments 93.603 1130114/1130115 8 Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program 93.645 0900114/090115 5 Foster Care - Title IV-E 93.658 11000114/1100115 78,4 Adoption Assistance 93.659 1120114/11201115 18,1 Social Services Block Grant 93.659 1000114/1000115 55,9 Chafee Foster Care Independence Program 93.674 9150114/9150115 5 Children's Health Insurance Program 93.767 0540114/0540115 3,1 Medical Assistance Program 93.778 1200114/1200115 107,0
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 0400114/0400115 80,9 Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs 93.566 0500114/0500115 1. Low-Income Home Energy Assistance 93.568 0600414/00600415 9,4 Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund 93.596 0760114/0760115 15,5 Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments 93.603 1130114/1130115 8 Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program 93.645 0900114/090115 55 Foster Care - Title IV-E 93.658 1100114/1100115 78,4 Adoption Assistance 93.659 1120114/11201115 18,1 Social Services Block Grant 93.667 1000114/1100115 55,9 Chafee Foster Care Independence Program 93.674 9150114/19150115 55, Children's Health Insurance Program 93.767 0540114/0540115 3,1 Medical Assistance Program 93.778 1200114/1200115 107,0 Total Department of Health and Human Services \$384,5 Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs 93.566 0500114/0500115 1.
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund 93.596 0760114/0760115 15,5 Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments 93.603 1130114/1130115 8 Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program 93.645 0900114/090115 5 Foster Care - Title IV-E 93.658 1100114/1100115 78,4 Adoption Assistance 93.659 1120114/11201115 18,1 Social Services Block Grant 93.667 1000114/1000115 55,9 Chafee Foster Care Independence Program 93.674 9150114/9150115 5 Children's Health Insurance Program 93.767 0540114/0540115 3,1 Medical Assistance Program 93.778 1200114/1200115 107,0 Total Department of Health and Human Services \$ 384,5 Department of Agriculture: \$ 50,0 Direct Payments: \$ 50,0 Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments: \$ 50,0 \$ 50,0 \$ 50,0 Child Nutrition Cluster: \$ 50,0 \$ 50,0 \$ 50,0 \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments:
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program 93.645 93.645 90.00114/090115 55 Foster Care - Title IV-E 93.658 1100114/1100115 78,4 Adoption Assistance 93.659 1120114/11201115 18,1 Social Services Block Grant 93.667 1000114/1000115 55,9 Chafee Foster Care Independence Program 93.674 9150114/9150115 55 Children's Health Insurance Program 93.767 0540114/0540115 3,1 Medical Assistance Program 93.778 1200114/1200115 Total Department of Health and Human Services Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,00 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program 93.645 0900114/090115 55
Foster Care - Title IV-E Adoption Assistance 93.658 1100114/1100115 78,4 Adoption Assistance 93.659 1120114/11201115 18,1 Social Services Block Grant 93.667 Chafee Foster Care Independence Program 93.674 9150114/9150115 55,9 Children's Health Insurance Program 93.767 0540114/0540115 3,1 Medical Assistance Program 93.778 1200114/1200115 Total Department of Health and Human Services Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Adoption Assistance 93.659 1120114/11201115 18,1 Social Services Block Grant 93.667 1000114/1000115 55,9 Chafee Foster Care Independence Program 93.674 9150114/9150115 5 Children's Health Insurance Program 93.767 0540114/0540115 3,1 Medical Assistance Program 93.778 1200114/1200115 107,0 Total Department of Health and Human Services \$384,5 Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Social Services Block Grant 93.667 1000114/1000115 55,9 Chafee Foster Care Independence Program 93.674 9150114/9150115 5 Children's Health Insurance Program 93.767 0540114/0540115 3,1: Medical Assistance Program 93.778 1200114/1200115 107,0 Total Department of Health and Human Services \$ 384,5 Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program Children's Health Insurance Program Medical Assistance Program Postal Department of Health and Human Services Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Department of Agriculture: Department of Agriculture: Total Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,00
Children's Health Insurance Program 93.767 0540114/0540115 3,1 Medical Assistance Program 93.778 1200114/1200115 107,0 Total Department of Health and Human Services \$ 384,5 Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Medical Assistance Program 93.778 1200114/1200115 107,0 Total Department of Health and Human Services \$ 384,5 Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Total Department of Health and Human Services Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Direct Payments: Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Community Facilities Loans and Grants 10.780 N/A \$ 50,0 Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Pass-Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Food Distribution 10.555 17901-45707 \$ 33,326
Department of Education:
Department of Education.
National School Lunch Program 10.555 17901-40623 <u>256,446</u> \$ 289,7
School Breakfast Program 10.553 17901-40591 88,5
Department of Social Services:
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental
Nutrition Assistance Program 10.561 0010113/0010114 93,9
Total Department of Agriculture \$ 472,3
Department of Transportation:
Pass-Through Payments:
Department of Motor Vehicles:
State and Community Highway Safety 20.600 50507-52033/53066/53071 \$ 22,75
Department of Treasury:
Pass-Through Payments:
Commonwealth of Virginia Attorney General's Office:
Forfeited assets 21.000 Unavailable \$ 35,3

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
Department of Education:				
Pass-Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901	\$ 279,461	
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071	240,257	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095	41,884	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	17901-60512	22,789	
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	609570	888	
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481	19,987	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	17901-61480	87,445	
Total Department of Education			\$ 692,711	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,657,723	

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

County of Richmond, Virginia Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Richmond, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Richmond, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Richmond, Virginia.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments,* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note C - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note D - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 752,281
Special Revenue Funds:	
Sheriff's Fund	35,371
Total primary government	\$ 787,652
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 1,037,744
School Cafeteria Fund	33,326
Total Component Unit School Board	\$ 1,071,070
Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements	\$ 1,858,722
Add: Rural development note proceeds	\$ 24,000
Less: Federal interest subsidy	(216,613)
Less: Payment in Lieu of Taxes	 (8,386)
otal expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 1,657,723

County of Richmond, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>ui</u>	nmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	✓ no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓ none repo	rted	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	✓ no		
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	✓ no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓ none repo	rted	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance				
for major programs:	<u>ui</u>	<u>nmodified</u>		
Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?	yes	✓ no		
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Progr	ram or Cluster		
93.778	Medical Assistance Program			
10.553/10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A				
and type B programs:	\$300,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes _	no		
Section II-Financial Statement Findings				
None				
Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Co	<u>osts</u>			
None				

County of Richmond, Virginia Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

There were no prior year findings.

